

Autumn Conference Friday 25th November 2022 ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS, LONDON













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Long Acting Injectables Implementation in Scotland

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Conflict of Interest

In relation to this presentation, I have participated in a ViiV Nurse Advisory Board

I have previously received Speaker fees and Advisory Board payments from Janssen, Gilead and Viiv

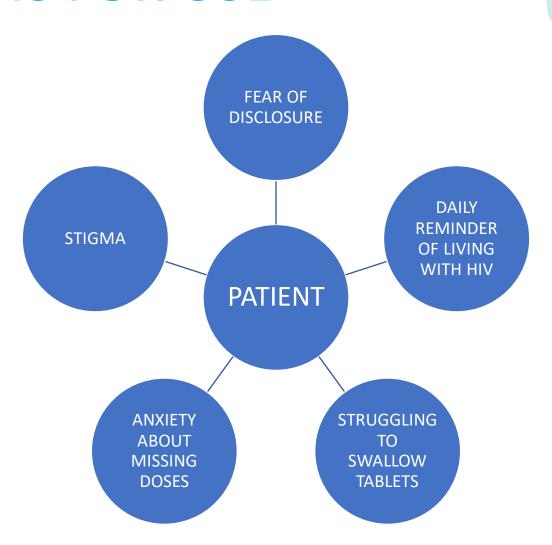
BACKGROUND

SMC APPROVED OCTOBER 2021

- BHIVA RECOMMENDATIONS
- Have been virally suppressed to <50 copies/ml for at least 6 months
- -patients who have a psychological or physical barrier to oral HAART
- -concerning adherence pattern despite undetectable viral load
- -people who describe a real risk of stopping ART if they continue on oral treatment



INDICATIONS FOR USE



INJECTABLES PATHWAY

- Consultant/ Nurse Specialist refers patient
- MDT pharmacist, CNS, consultants
- Pharmacist and HIV CNS 1st appointment 4 week oral lead-in
- Nurse-led service for 1st injection and then every 8 week appointment

NURSE-LED CLINIC CHALLENGES

- Requires 2 nurses- procedure, text reminders, DNAs
- Co-ordinating appointment with a pharmacist
- Training for IM ventro-gluteal injections
- Bloods at each appointment- increased pressure on labs
- Clinic capacity room for observation post injections
- Refrigeration capacity
- Patient suitability

PRACTICALITIES

- Take IM Rilpivirine out of fridge in plenty of time
- Offer paracetamol prior to injection
- Adequate length of appointment
- Comfortable relaxing atmosphere
- Space to sit for required observation period
- Clinic dates provided for the following 12 months



IN THE FUTURE

- Detectable viral loads due to poorer adherence
- Include patients with substance use, mental health issues, prisoners and those affected by homelessness.
- Community and outreach services to deliver injectables
- ? Injectable PrEP

Uptake in Scotland

Inverness Not started

Forth Valley
2 patients out of
150 ready to start

Glasgow
7 patients started, 1
stopped

Lanarkshire 0 patients

Aberdeen Not started

Aberdeen

Dundee

Dunfermline

Edinburgh

Inverness

Stirling

Glasgow

Perth

Dundee

Not started

17 identified out of 351, 4 eligible

2 declined after MDT

Fife

1 patient

Lothians

6 patients from 1600

Borders

1 patient started

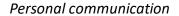
Dumfries 3 patients

UPTAKE IN SCOTLAND

- Initial excitement from patients, clinicians and voluntary sector
- Referrals from clinicians less than expected ?more hesitant
- 1in 60 failure rates concerning for patients relying on U=U
- Patients anxious about painful injections
- Patients reluctant to attend every 8 weeks
- Services not returned to similar capacity pre-Covid
- LAI clinics are resource-intensive

PATIENT FEEDBACK

- ➤ Main S/E is hip pain, particularly post RIL injection
- > S/Es do not get less as injections progress
- ➤ Patients who declined option feel that taking more time off work to attend more frequent appointments could lead to unwanted questioning from employers
- > One patient did not trust injections would last 8 weeks rather than needing to take daily oral ARVs
- > "So nice not to have to remember to swallow tablets at a set time every single day..."
- "I've no longer got to get up in the middle of the night because I forgot my tablets at bedtime"
- > "have to take so many tablets that even taking 2 less is a big bonus....."
- "I've never felt so relaxed going through the airport customs because I didn't have my pills in my bag"







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Thank you

Any questions







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